

### Year 1

# Writing Assessment Indicators

#### Term 1

## KPIs On-track for Expected Standard (EXS)

- Write sentences sometimes demarcated accurately with capital letters and full stops (1)
- To begin to form many lower case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place and Forms digits 0-9 correctly but size may vary. (4 and 13)
- Write sentences to match pictures, or sequences of pictures, illustrating an event. (To sequences sentences to form short narratives)- (part 5)
- Makes phonetically plausible attempts to spell words that have not been learnt (8)
- Sits correctly at a table and holds the pencil appropriately.(11)
- Use predictable and repeated phrases in own writing drawn from reading and role-play
- To begin to form capital letters correctly (but size may vary) (part 12)
- Begin to separate words with spaces (14)
- Talks about / discusses what they are going to write and can compose a sentence orally before writing it (15)
- Begin to use capital letters for the beginning of sentences and for names (17)
- Use their phase 2, phase 3 and phase 4 phonic knowledge to write words in ways which match their spoken sounds, some being spelt correctly and others being phonetically plausible
- Join clauses by using the conjunction 'and' (18)
- Describe a character using simple adjectives (21)
- Write simple instructions in order with some imperative verbs

# **KPIs On-track for Greater Depth (GDS)**

- Independently structure writing by ordering sequence of events with use of words like first, next, after, when.
- Make careful choices of adjectives, seeking new words
- Distinguish between a statement and a command
- Expand by including more instructional features e.g. numbered points

### Term 2

# KPIs On-track for Expected Standard (EXS)

- Write sentences mostly demarcated by full stops and capital letters (1)
- Spells words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught correctly or with plausible GPC. (2)
- To begin to correctly write independent simple sentences including the correct spelling of most common exception words taught so far (part 3)
- Form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another in some of their writing and Forms digits 0-9 correctly but size may vary. (4 and 13)
- To begin to sequences sentences to form short narratives and write in sequence using words to signal time e.g. first, next, then, after (part 5)
- Makes phonetically plausible attempts to spell words that have not been learnt (8)
- Spell the days of the week correctly. (10- covered in maths)
- Sits correctly at a table and holds the pencil appropriately.(11)
- Form capital letters correctly (but size may vary) (12)
- To begin to experiment with exclamation marks (part 16)
- Write in first person using capital letter for "I" (part 17)
- Independently choose to expand ideas and sentences using "and" (18)
- To begin to use simple and some compound sentence structures (part 19)
- Maintain past tense (part 20)
- Independently choose to add detail using a variety of adjectives (21)
- Describe a setting, something or someone with some appropriate adjectives (21)
- To begin to read own writing to check it makes sense and make some corrections (part 22)
- Use traditional story language
- To begin to structure story into three parts (part 23)
- To begin to write a simple story with good, bad or relevant characters. (part 24)
- To begin to read own writing aloud clearly, and can discuss what they have written with others (peers or teachers) (part 25)

### KPIs On-track for Greater Depth (GDS)

- Independently choose to use and apply vocabulary gathered from reading.
- Sustain the writing of longer texts, considering and holding the interest of the reader when making vocabulary choices
- Make simple edits and corrections to own writing after discussion with the teacher

#### Term 3

# **KPIs Expected Standard (EXS)**

- Spells words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught correctly or with plausible GPC. (2)
- To correctly write independent simple sentences including the correct spelling of most common exception words taught so far (3)
- Form letters correctly and confidently with most letters accurate in shape and size including capital letters and digits (4 and 13)
- Sequences sentences to form short narratives. (5)
- Apply most taught spelling rules (Appendix 1) (6)
- Add the suffixes -ing, -ed, -er to spell many words correctly (7)
- Makes phonetically plausible attempts to spell words that have not been learnt (8)
- Pupils can use root words and endings (Appendix 1) (9)
- Form capital letters correctly (but size may vary) (12)
- Use capital letters, full stops and some exclamation marks and question marks to demarcate sentences (16)
- To use capital letters for proper names (people, places, days of the week) and for personal pronoun 'I'. (17)
- Independently choose to expand ideas and sentences using "and" (18)
- Choose to expand ideas with simple conjunctions and descriptive language (18 and 21)
- Use simple past and present verbs mostly accurately (20)
- Use features of standard English
- To use some descriptive language (e.g. colour, size and simple emotion).(21)
- To read own writing to check it makes sense and make some corrections (22)
- To structure story into three parts (23)
- To write a simple story with good, bad or relevant characters. (24)
- Write instructions with some expansion about something they know well including imperative verbs.
- Use descriptive language with some use of comparative and superlative adjectives (links to 7 and 10)

### **KPIs Greater Depth (GDS)**

- Independently simply structure own writing based on the given form and choose to use some patterns and language of familiar stories
- Write effectively and coherently for different purposes, beginning to draw on their reading to inform the vocabulary and grammar of their writing.
- Evaluate the impact of writing on the reader

Writing Outcomes						
Books	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Chosen Texts	<u>Narrative</u>	<u>Narrative</u>	<u>Narrative</u>	<u>Narrative</u>	<u>Narrative</u>	<u>Narrative</u>
Aut 1: Where's						
Ny Ted?	Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:
ut 2: Going	Retell a simple story with	Tell a basic three part story	Plan and tell a three part	Retell a familiar story in three	Write a complete simple story in	Write a story which includes
n a Bear Hunt	predictable phrases e.g.	about a central character e.g.	traditional tale with basic ideas	parts. Include accurate	three parts based on their own	strong characterisation e.g.
pr 1: Elves	repetition of key phrases – "huff	The Gruffalo.	sequenced and traditional story	sentence punctuation.	experiences or linked to a topic.	good or bad character. Includ
nd the	and puff and blow your house		language adopted.		Include accurate sentence	accurate sentence
hoemaker	down", "We're going on a bear	Transform for GDS:		Transform for GDS:	punctuation.	punctuation.
pr 2:	hunt". Focus on creation of	Add additional character	Transform for GDS:	Write own version of the story		
upertato	sentence.	description.	Focus on a descriptive setting.	recounting the information in	Transform for GDS:	Transform for GDS:
um 1: Percy			<u>Report</u>	sequence – then, next, after etc.	Include some of the patterns	Change the character to hav
nd the Park	Transform for GDS: Add	<u>Instructions</u>			and language of familiar stories	the opposite traits to the first
eeper	additional detail joining		Expected Standard:	<u>Recount</u>	e.g. repeating same words and	draft with a focus on
um 2: Peter	sentences using 'and'.	Expected Standard:	Describe something or someone		phrases three times – "run, run as	comparative and superlative
abbit		Write simple instructions about	with consistent use of tense	Expected Standard:	fast as you can".	adjectives.
		something they know well	(past or present depending on	Write a simple first person		
	<u>Recount</u>	including imperative verbs,	the report).	recount linked to topic or	<u>Report</u>	<u>Instructions</u>
Optional Text		precise language and		personal experience,		
Archaic Texts	Expected Standard:	commands.	Transform for GDS:	incorporating at least three	Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:
he Ugly	Write sentences to match		Expand sentences with	events in order, whilst	Assemble information about a	Write instructions with some
uckling,	pictures, or sequences of	Transform for GDS:	conjunction 'and' use capital	maintaining past tense, e.g.	topic, writing accurately	expansion about something
eeping	pictures, illustrating an event.	Expand by including more	letters for proper nouns. Include	postcard or simple letter.	demarcated sentences to	they know well including
eauty, Where		instructional features e.g. a list of	new vocabulary from reading		describe different aspects of the	imperative verbs. Include
ne Wild Things	Transform for GDS:	equipment, numbered lists,	and research. Include an	Transform for GDS:	subject.	accurate sentence
re	Structure writing by ordering	bullet points	opening statement.	Expand by using simple		punctuation.
	sequence of events with use of		- p	descriptive language to add	Transform for GDS:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
<u>lon-linear</u>	words like first, next, after, when.			detail.	Basic sequencing of ideas under	Transform for GDS:
oices in the	Join clauses by using the	<u>Poetry / Letter.</u>			simple sub-headings to form a	Expand by including more
ark, The	conjunction 'and'.		<u>Poetry</u>		report. Use vocabulary	instructional features e.g. a list
rouble with		Expected Standard:			collected from research,	equipment numbered lists.
rolls	<u>Poetry</u>	Write an acrostic poem that links	Expected Standard:	<u>Poetry</u>	reading and cross-curricular	Sentence structure to include
	<u> </u>	to a given theme, e.g. winter.	Increasingly discuss what they	<u> </u>	learning.	commas in a list.
Vell Loved	Expected Standard:	Ensure that the first letter in each	have written with the teacher or	Expected Standard:		
lairy Maclary,	Begin to discuss what they have	line spells out a word.	other pupils.	Create a shape		
ne Cat in the	written with the teacher or other	Make sure that lines end with	Read aloud their writing clearly	poem/calligram where the	<u>Poetry</u>	<u>Poetry</u>
at	pupils.	commas with exception to the	enough to be heard by the	poem is presented in the shape	<u>,</u>	<u>,</u>
	Begin to read aloud their writing	last.	teacher.	of the object which it is	Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:
Complexity	clearly enough to be heard by			describing. The layout may	Discuss what they have written	Create a riddle poem that
Owl Babies,	the teacher.	Transform for GDS:	Transform for GDS:	either be with the words inside a	with the teacher or other pupils.	describes a specific noun
he Tiger that	me reacher.	Awareness of reader.	Discuss better word choices.	shape or around the outline of	Read aloud their writing clearly	through select adjectives.
came to Tea	Transform for GDS:	Extend by including a rhyme.	Talk about some improvements.	the shape.	enough to be heard by their	The last line directly addresses
	Discuss better word choices.	Add further description within	raik about some improvements.	то знаро.	peers and the teacher.	the reader and uses a question
Contemporary	Begin to talk about	their poem through specific		Transform for GDS:	poors and me reaction.	e.g. 'What is it?' or 'Can you
Picture Books	improvements.	adjectives.		With guidance, include	Transform for GDS:	guess what I could be?'
ost and		aajochvos.		consistent number of syllables in	Discuss better word choices.	goos man coola be?
ound, Voices				each line.	Talk about improvements to	Transform for GDS:
n the Park				Begin to include language	their poem and start to change	Write a riddle in either first or
THIC FOR				devices, such as similes or	words.	third person (depending on
Non-fiction				alliteration.	words.	which already used).
Range of high						
				Have greater awareness of the		Begin to use rhyming couplets
quality non-				reader and audience.		
iction						
ncluding						
online and						
11 11 1K						

books