Year 2 Writing



Children should write for a range of audiences and purposes including, recounts from their own experience or fiction, and from, instructions, invitations, simple report, diaries, persuasion, setting and character descriptions e.g. wanted probook review. 1	Spr1	Spr2	Sum2	
and from, instructions, invitations, simple report, diaries, persuasion, setting and character descriptions e.g. wanted pobook review. 1				
IF correctly (Phase 6 Letters and Sounds or equivalents).	and from, instructions, invitations, simple report, diaries, persuasion, setting and character descriptions e.g. wanted posters or part of a			
IF 3 Uses full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks and question marks 75% of the time correctly. 4 Uses present and past tense correctly and consistently, including the simple and progressive form to mark actions in progress (e.g. she is drumming, he was shouting). 5 Spell many exception words (most for Greater Depth).	\Box			
IF Correctly.				
IF progressive form to mark actions in progress (e.g. she is drumming, he was shouting).				
Spell many exception words (most for Greater Depth). 6 IF Add suffixes to spell words, including –ment, -ness, -ful, -less, -ly. 7 Spells some common homophones, and distinguishes between homophones and near-homophones. 8 Spell some contracted words. 9 Use the possessive apostrophe in singular nouns GD. 10 Uses diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters in some of their writing.				
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1E				
11 Capital letters, lower case letters and digits are consistently of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower case letters.				
12 Use sentences of different forms: statements, questions, exclamations and commands.				
13 Uses expanded noun phrases to describe and specify (e.g. blue butterfly, plain flour). 14 Uses a variety of co-ordination (conjunctions – or, and, but) in writing. 15 Uses a variety of subordination (conjunctions – when, if, that, because) in writing. 16 Separate items in a list using commas. 17 Correctly writes simple sentences independently that include words using phonetically				
14 Uses a variety of co-ordination (conjunctions – or, and, but) in writing.				
Uses a variety of subordination (conjunctions – when, if, that, because) in writing.				
16 Separate items in a list using commas.				
plausible and common exception words and punctuation taught so far (Phase 6 Letters and Sounds).				
Begin to divide their own writing into sections (where appropriate).				
18 Begin to divide their own writing into sections (where appropriate). 19 Plan writing appropriately, by writing down ideas and / or key words, including new or relevant vocabulary. 20 Uses staming in writing con write at least 2 parts.				
20 Has stamina in writing, can write at least 3 parts.				
21 Read own writing aloud with appropriate intonation to make meaning clear.				
22 Evaluate their own and others finished writing with teacher and/ or peers.				
21 Read own writing aloud with appropriate intonation to make meaning clear. 22 Evaluate their own and others finished writing with teacher and/ or peers. 23 Beginning to proof read own writing and make relevant corrections, e.g. can check verb tense consistently, spelling, grammar and punctuation. 24 Attempts to interest the reader through creating characters and settings. 25 Writing is appropriate for different purposes, follows forms of narrative (real and fictional),				
24 Attempts to interest the reader through creating characters and settings.				
25 Writing is appropriate for different purposes, follows forms of narrative (real and fictional), recount and poetry.				
GD Statement Total				
- Write independently, effectively, coherently and creatively for different purposes and a range of audiences, drawing on their				
reading to inform the vocabulary and grammar of their writing. - Sustain the writing of longer texts, which maintain the purpose of				

- Make simple additions, revisions and proof-reading corrections to their own writing.