

Year 5

Writing Assessment Indicators

Term 1

KPIs On-track for Expected Standard (EXS)

- Identify the audience and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form (4)
- Plan and write a five part story with clear awareness of the effect on the reader, using language to evoke mood and atmosphere and develop characterisation, drawing on reading to support vocabulary choice and style
- Write a recount with a specific form and audience
- Effectively plans writing, noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary (17)
- Use literary devices such as repetition, alliteration, "rule of three"
- Write concisely, ensuring features of a specific form are applied and language and grammatical features are used appropriately for a specific audience
- In narrative, begin to use dialogue to convey character and advance the action **(20)**
- Begin to use a range of devices to build cohesion (e.g. adverbials of time and place, pronouns, synonyms) across paragraphs (2)
- Use modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility (13)
- Understands the purpose of different conjunctions and uses them appropriately across different types of writing (16)
- Experiment with a range of expanded noun phrases to add detail, qualification and precision, e.g. with one or more adjectives, with a modifying adjective, with a preposition phrase (12)
- Spell most words correctly, adding prefixes and suffixes appropriately, spelling the correct form of homophones
- Use a dictionary to check meaning and spelling of words, and to use a thesaurus to find synonyms (9)
- Perform own compositions with growing confidence to a group or whole class using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume (23)

KPIs On-track for Greater Depth (GDS)

- Independently adapt language choices based on the audience and the intended impact on the reader
- Write for more than one audience, managing changes in content, features and levels of formality
- Embed one text-type within another, controlling the writing and maintain the overall purpose
- Use a wide range of clause structures, including relative clauses, sometimes varying their position within a sentence (15)
- Draw on their reading, wider stimuli and experiences to inform the content vocabulary and grammar of their writing

Term 2

KPIs On-track for Expected Standard (EXS)

- Effectively use dialogue to convey character and advance the action
- Use both reported and direct speech with correct punctuation (18)
- Secure use of complex sentences and position of clauses (3)
- Write in the style of a particular author, organising writing into chapters, extend ways to link paragraphs using adverbs and adverbial phrases
- Write a linear procedural text with a wide range of presentational and organisational devices
- Use a wide range of presentational and organisational features to structure texts specific to the form and audience
- Begin to adapt writing based on a change in the audience.
- Use a range of devices to build cohesion (e.g. conjunctions, adverbials of time and place, pronouns, synonyms) across paragraphs
- Use commas to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity
- Use commas to mark clauses in more complex sentences (11)
- Use a range of punctuation from KS 2 including brackets, dashes, commas, semi-colons and colons (10)
- Spell most words correctly, adding prefixes and suffixes appropriately, spelling the correct form of homophones and spelling all common exception words correctly from KS1, Yr3/Yr4 and some Yr5/6 (6)
- Knows that some words have silent letters and can spell them correctly (7)
- Consistently produce legible joined handwriting fluently and with increased speed (1)

KPIs On-track for Greater Depth (GDS)

- Develop writing into a parallel narrative telling same events from two points of view
- Start to build cohesion within a paragraph e.g. some use of pronouns, conjunctions and reference chains
- Independently select vocabulary and grammatical structures that reflect the level of formality required for a specific audience and form of writing
- Independently enhance the effectiveness of writing through reading, evaluating, editing and re-drafting (22)
- Use the full range of punctuation taught correctly and appropriately
- Evaluate and edit own and other's writing against a set of criteria generated themselves and drawn from reading
- Make effective choices, revisions and purposeful omissions to impact on and interest the reader

Term 3

KPIs Expected Standard (EXS)

- In writing narratives describe, setting, character and atmosphere using a range of descriptive devices e.g. tone, mood, imagery, alliteration, sensory details, onomatopoeia, simile, metaphor, personification, hyperbole and symbolism (21)
- Uses imaginative details and precise vocabulary included for effect, for example, to engage as well as inform (19)
- Write with a non-linear structure
- Plan, compose, edit and refine a balanced discussion; presenting two sides of an argument showing good awareness of the reader
- Plan, compose, edit and refine an explanation text showing good awareness of the reader
- Write in different styles based on purpose and audience selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary
- Use dialogue to convey character and advance the action
- Use preposition phrases and expanded noun phrases to add detail, qualification and precision
- Build cohesion within and across a paragraph using a range of devices
- Select vocabulary and grammatical structures that reflect the level of formality required within a piece of writing (24)
- Ensures consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing (5)
- Can mark relationships of time and cause through the use of perfect form of verbs (14)
- Spell correctly many words from Yr5/6
- Write words with prefixes and suffixes, understanding the meaning and effect they convey (8)
- Consistently produce legible joined writing

KPIs Greater Depth (GDS)

- Choose to combine text-types to support overall effectiveness of the writing
- Write effectively for multiple audiences, selecting appropriate levels of formality and vocabulary choices
- Select precise vocabulary and grammatical structures
- Make writing succinct by using all grammar and punctuation taught so far precisely to engage the reader
- Identify and use the full range of punctuation taught correctly and appropriately, including correct terminology (25)
- Evaluate and edit by proposing changes to vocabulary for meaning, effect and emphasis
- Develop own success criteria and makes choices on audience and form of writing.
- Write independently and effectively for multiple audiences and purposes, selecting appropriate levels of formality and vocabulary choices, effectively controlling their writing.

Writing Outcomes						
Books	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
hosen Texts ut 1: Anglo-	<u>Narrative</u>	<u>Narrative</u>	<u>Narrative</u>	<u>Narrative</u>	<u>Narrative</u>	<u>Narrative</u>
xon Boy	Expected Standard:		Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:
t 2: Viking Boy	Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:	Plan and tell a story to explore	Expected Standard:	Expected Standard:
r 1: Cogheart	Write a five-part story using	Plan and tell a story	Write in the style of a particular	narrative viewpoint e.g. retell a	Plan and write a non – linear	Plan and write a story with a
r 2: Boy in the	language to evoke mood and	demonstrating awareness of	author, organised into chapters,	familiar story from the point of	story e.g. Flashbacks, parallel	clear narrative voice. Use
wer	atmosphere and develop	audience by using techniques	extend ways to link paragraphs	view of another character.	narrators. Experiment with	dialogue to build character of
m 1: Running	characterisation, complete as a	such as recap, repetition,	using adverbs and adverbial		different formalities for different	move the action forward.
d	Viking legend.	humour or suspense. Use a	phrases.	Transform for GDS	shifts.	Turnedown ton CDS
n 2: The eadwinner	Town forms for CDC	digital narrative.	T (CDC	Change the story to show	Town of the CDC	Transform for GDS
eadwinner	Transform for GDS:	ang man man and a	Transform for GDS	parallel narrators where events	Transform for GDS	Add an additional narrative
chaic Texts	Change the atmosphere of the	Transform for GDS	Adapt the story for a different	are portrayed simultaneously.	Use the non-linear structure to	voice demonstrating a chang
bin of	story with a focus on how	Change the story to focus on a	audience aiming for consistency		show changes in atmosphere	in formality.
erwood by	language choices, sentence	different technique looking at	in character and style	Procedural Text	and mood.	
chael	structure and grammar will	how the language choice		<u>- </u>		<u>Explanation</u>
orpurgo, The	change to change the	changes, i.e. change to	<u>Persuasion</u>	Expected Standard:	<u>Discussion</u>	
bbit, White	atmosphere.	suspense, sci-fi or mystery etc.		Write a linear procedural text		Expected Standard:
ng, The Secret		sospense, ser ir er mysiery ere.	Expected Standard:	with a wide range of	Expected Standard:	Plan, compose, edit and refir
arden, The		Non-Chronological Reports	Adapt a piece of persuasive	presentational and	Plan, compose, edit and refine	an explanation text ; focussing
all of the Wild,	<u>Recount</u>	- Itali Cilioficiogical Reports	writing for different audiences,	organisational devices, carefully	a balanced discussion;	on clarity, conciseness and
oodnight Mr m.		Expected Standard:	shifting levels of formality across	selecting vocabulary for clarity.	presenting two sides of an	impersonal style.
111.	Expected Standard:	Plan, compose, edit and refine	the pieces e.g. an informal	scieding vocabolary for claimy.	argument.	
on-Linear Time	Practise writing a recount with a	a non-chronological	speech followed by a formal	Transform for GDS	Use words and phrases that	Transform for GDS
quences	specific form and audience with	comparative report focusing on	speech on the same subject.	Change to a non-linear	support the overall viewpoints of	Transform the explanation or
Christmas	a word limit so that pupils are	clarity and conciseness. Ensure		structure with choices for the	the discussion.	part of the explanation to a
arol, Time	forced to consider the precise	features of a specific form are	Transform for GDS	reader to refer to different		mixture of styles based on
avelling with a	level of formality required.	applied and language and	Transform the piece into a	sections.	Transform for GDS	multiple audiences.
amster,	Complete as a newspaper	grammatical features are used	persuasive letter with the shifts of	Interweave the use of diagrams	Combine the discussion text with	
osmic	report.	appropriately for a specific	formality embedded within it by	and illustrations to show shifts in	another text type with a clear	Non-fiction (choice)
		audience, e.g. a magazine	focussing on use of vocabulary	formality. Independently choose	audience and form.	Present information or recou
omplexity of e Narrator	Transform for GDS:	spread.	or adding quotes or references.	to use apt structural, vocabulary		information in any way they
ockwork,	Write the same recount for two	spredd.		and grammar choices based on	Non-fiction (choice)	choose, demonstrating
ack Beauty, A	or three audiences, appealing	Transform for GDS	<u>Factual Writing</u>		Present information or recount	
eries of	to each one through managed			the form and audience.		appropriate language
nfortunate	shifts of formality, i.e. tabloid ,	Consider how another genre	Expected Standard:	Recount	information in any way they	choices and structural
ents, War	broadsheet, online news article,	can be placed within the text with a shift of formality e.g.	Use formal and technical	<u>Recount</u>	choose, demonstrating	features.
orse	older audience or younger.		language to create a	Even a short Standards	appropriate language choices	
		instructions or explanation	biography on a chosen	Expected Standard:	and structural features.	
omplexity of		embedded within the report.	historical figure. Use a range of	Practise writing a recount in the		
ot	Non-fiction (choice)		presentational devices to	style of a blog so that pupils are		
orthern Lights, Monster Calls,	Dragant information or recount	Loller	appeal to a specific audience,	forced to consider the precise		
arry Potter, In	Present information or recount	<u>Letter</u>	e.g. Henry VIII.	level of formality required.		
anders Fields,	information in any way they	From a set of Changel and		Turning forms for CDC.		
affodils, The	choose, demonstrating	Expected Standard:	Transform to GDS:	Transform for GDS:		
rival	appropriate language choices	Write an informal letter from one	Transform biography in to online	Write the same recount over a		
	and structural features.	key character to another.	factual article for a younger	series of Tweets.		
esistant Texts		Turner forms for CDS.	audience.			
abberwocky,		Transform for GDS:				
e Lie Tree, The		Write in advanced style of				
ghwayman,		another character adapting				
annan Isle		their speech and mannerisms				
		through writing, e.g. BFG				
		speech, stammers, nervous				
		habits.				